

## Guide d'Étudier – French 2 Semester 1 Final

### Grammar:

**Placement of adjectives:** finish the words

<b>B</b>
<b>A</b>
<b>G</b>
<b>S</b>

Why is this mnemonic device needed? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ Where

do the adjectives and other modifiers usually fall in a sentence? \_\_\_\_\_

**Cultural knowledge:** Main concepts from the text

**U6 Leçon A**

**U6 Leçon B**

**U6 Mise au Point**

**U6 Leçon C**

**U7 Leçon A**

**U7 Leçon B**

**U7 Mise au Point**

**U7 Leçon C**

**Know and be able to use these main irregular verbs in sentences (Parentheses are equal but optional translations standard to each present tense verb conjugation):**

être	
English	French
I am (I am being)	
You are	
He/she/one is	
We are	
You are	
They or those are	

avoir	
English	French
I have (I am having)	
You have	
He/she/one has	
We have	
You have	
They or those have	

aller	
English	French
I go (I am going)	
You go	
He/she/one goes	
We go	
You go	
They or those go	

faire	
English	French
I make/do (I am making/doing)	
You make/do	
He/she/one makes/ does	
We make/do	
You make/do	
They or those make/do	

**The following verb forms and rules can be found on your handouts; you only need to know the rules!!**

 **Imparfait** is used when:

stem is formed:

endings:

Important rules:

 **Passé Composé** is used when:

participe is formed:

auxiliary verb form:

Important rules:

**Fill in the correct participle ending for *regular verbs*: (how is this conjugated, and from what form?)**

Verb type	ending
-er	
-ir	
-re	

**Learn these rules, grammar forms or terms, and how/when to use them:**

 **Interrogative adjectives** – common words and phrases to help you ask questions and answer them.

 *Vowel Rule*: Forming questions using **inversion** (new vowel rule applies for *il/elle/on* forms only; – t – )

 *Vowel Rule*: Forming a **contraction** – when and how

 *Vowel Rule*: using **liaison**

 *Vowel Rule*: for **possessives**

 Vocabulary:

- professions
- countries
- clothing
- weather
- family
- character traits
- physical description (hair, eyes, height, age)

 Descriptive adjectives

 The **Partitive** - for both types of statements

- Positive statement forms
- Negative statement forms